## PATENT SPECIFICATION

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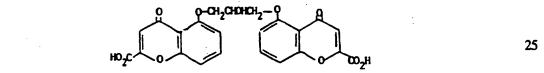
## (54) TABLETS CONTAINING 1,3-BIS(2-CARBOXYCHROMON-5-YLOXY)-2-HYDROXYPROPANE

(71) We, FISONS LIMITED, a British Company, of Fison House, 9 Grosvenor Street, London W1X 0AH do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:

This invention concerns pharmaceutical compositions.

The compound disodium cromoglycate (the disodium salt of 1,3-bis(2-carboxychromon-5-yloxy)-2-hydroxypropane) has been known for some time as a treatment for asthma by inhalation of a powder containing it. It has recently been demonstrated that this compound is also useful in the treatment of various conditions of the gastro-intestinal tract in which allergic or immune reactions play a contributory part. However, when administered orally to a patient in any of the conventional formulations for other drugs it is found that the acidic conditions in various regions of the gastro-intestinal tract tend to convert the disodium salt to the acid itself, which is insoluble. As a result, a thick gum-like surface coating, impervious to water, is formed over the particles, granules or agglomerates of the salt, thereby preventing them from dissolving or dispersing and thus effectively reducing their availability. We have now found a formulation which avoids or at least mitigates this

Accordingly, in one aspect, this invention provides a pharmaceutical composition in the form of a tablet disintegrable in the presence of further water and comprising from 5 to 80% by-weight of 1,3-bis(2-carboxychromon-5-yloxy)-2-hydroxypropane of the formula:



or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, in association with from 20 to 95% by weight of a mixture of an alkali-metal or alkaline earth metal carbonate or bicarbonate and citric acid, the tablet having an equilibrated relative humidity of less than 25%.

Pharmaceutically-acceptable salts of the bis-chromone include the alkali-metal salts, for example the di-sodium and di-potassium salts, and the alkaline earth metal salts, for

example the calcium and magnesium salts. The sodium salt is especially preferred.

The tablet preferably contains from 30 to 75%, especially from 35 to 65% by weight of the bis-chromone.

The carbonate or bicarbonate may, for example, be sodium or potassium carbonate or bicarbonate, sodium bicarbonate being especially preferred, and is desirably present in an amount of from 25 to 50%, especially from 25 to 35%, by weight of the tablet.

The citric acid is desirably present in an amount of from 15 to 55% by weight of the

The equilibrated relative humidity may for example be determined by a SINA equi-hygroscope eZFBA (from Nova-Sina Limited, Zurich). It is preferably less than 20%. Where water is employed as the granulating solvent the equilibrated relative humidity is

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5	preferably greater than 15%, although it may be lower e.g. isopropyl alcohol, are employed. In such a case Although the tablet may be composed entirely of bicarbonate and the acid, other diluents, carriers, bind into the tablet if desired. As an example, it is usually weight, for example 0.25-1% by weight, of a pharmace for example magnesium lauryl sulphate or magnes manufacture of the tablets.  The molar ratio of the carbonate or bicarbonate to	the bis-chromone, the carbonate or ers or adjuvants may be incorporated preferred to incorporate up to 2% by cutically-acceptable lubricating agent, ium stearate, in order to facilitate the acid is preferably such as to allow	5
10	substantially complete reaction between them, 1. stoichiometric amounts. Preferred weight ratios of spirits and are thus preferably from 1.2:1 to 1.7:1.	e. they are preferably present in sodium or potassium bicarbonate to	10
15	The tablets are disintegrable in the presence of furth either a solution of the bis-chromone if water-soluble obis-chromone if water-insoluble.  The tablets of the invention may be produced by except that granulation, if effected in an aqueous solve	y conventional tabletting techniques	15
20	The tablets of the present invention are of use in the stomach or gastro-intestinal tract after the stomaimmune reactions play a contributory part. Condition of the small, and some attemptic gastritis (a condition of the stomach), ulcerat	the treatment in man of conditions of each, in which conditions, allergy or tions which may be treated include estimes also of the large, intestine), ive colitis (a condition of the rectum),	20
25	of the small intestine), regional ileitis (a regional infilium), peptic ulceration (a condition of the stoma allergy (e.g. gluten or other food allergy), and irr	lammatory condition of the terminal ch and duodenum), gastro-intestinal itable bowel syndrome.	25
30	The dosage to be administered will of course dependits severity. However, in general, a total daily dos bis-chromone, and more preferably from 400 to 2,000 doses 2 to 4 times per day is found to be satisfacted contain from 50 to 500 mg of the bis-chromone.  Preferably administration takes place a short time,	age of from 100 to 4,000 mg of the many of the mg thereof, administered in smaller mg. A dosage unit may conveniently	30
35	the patient takes food.  The following Examples are now given, though		35
	Example 1 The following ingredients were formulated into tadescribed hereinafter:	blets of the invention by the method	40
40		mg per tablet	40
45	1,3-bis(2-carboxychromon-5-yloxy)-2-hydroxypropane, disodium salt	200	45
	Sodium bicarbonate BP	120	٠. `
	Citric acid (granular) BP	91.2	50
50	Magnesium stearate	1.03	•
	Water	Approx 12	
55		424.23	55
-	An excess of the disodium salt was sieved througontent was determined. The appropriate quantity to	give 200 mg/tablet was their calculated.	
60	and mixed with the appropriate quantity of granular sprayed into the mixer to give a moisture content of maintained at below 35°C, and the wet mass was proscillating granulator. The granules were then par passed through a 20 mesh screen, and further drives	20% by weight. The temperature was used through an 8 mesh screen on an t-dried in a fluid bed drier at 100°C, and to a moisture content below 20%	60
	equilibrated relative humidity and were then bl	ended with the citric acid and the hen compressed to give tablets, which	65

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	were stored at less than 30% relative humidity at 20°C and strip-packed individually.	_ <del></del>
5	Example 2 The following ingredients were formulated into tablets of the invention as follows:	5
	mg/tablet	
10	1,3-bis(2-carboxychromon-5-yloxy)-2- hydroxypropane, disodium salt 200	10
	Sodium bicarbonate BP 120	
16	Citric Acid BP 91.2	15
15	Magnesium Lauryl Sulphate 2.06	
	Water Approx 8	
20	421.26	20
25	The chromone salt is dried to a moisture content of less than 5% by weight, and the other ingredients are dried to less than 0.5% by weight. All the ingredients except the magnesium lauryl sulphate were dry mixed in a suitable blender and were granulated with isopropyl alcohol (moisture content less than 0.25%) approximately 500 ml of the alcohol being employed per kg of the powder mixture. The mass was then passed through an 8 mesh screen on a rotary granulator, dried on a fluid bed grief, and passed through a 20 mesh	25
30	screen. The magnesium lauryl sulphate was then blended in and the mixture was compressed into tablets (> 8 kp Schleuniger). Throughout, all operations were effected in flame-proof equipment in an atmosphere of less than 30% relative humidity at 20°C or equivalent.  WHAT WE CLAIM IS:-  1. A pharmaceutical composition in the form of a tablet disintegrable in the presence of	30
35	water and comprising from 5 to 80% by weight of 1,3-bis(2-carboxychromon-5-yloxy)-2-hydroxypropane of the formula:	35
	$0 \qquad 0 - \text{CH}_2\text{CHOHCH}_2 - 0 \qquad (I)$	
40	HO <sub>2</sub> C O O CO <sub>2</sub> H	40
45	or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, in association with from 20 to 95% by weight of a mixture of an alkali-metal or alkaline earth metal carbonate or bicarbonate and citric acid, the tablet having an equilibrated relative humidity of less than 25%.  2. A composition according to claim 1 wherein the bis-chromone is employed in the	45
50	form of the disodium salt thereof.  3. A composition according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein the tablet contains from 30 to	50
٠	75% by weight of the bis-chromone. 4. A composition according to claim 3 wherein the table contains from 35 to 65% by	
55	weight of the bis-chromone.  5. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein the carbonate or bicarbonate is sodium or potassium carbonate or bicarbonate.  6. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 5 wherein the carbonate or	55
	bicarbonate is present in an amount of from 25 to 50% by weight.  7. A composition according to claim 6, wherein the carbonate or bicarbonate is present	
60	an amount of from 15 to 55% by weight of the tablet.  9. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 7 the equilibrated relative humidity of	60
65	which is from 9 to 20%.  10. A composition according to claim 9 the equilibrated relative humidity of which is greater than 15%.	65

5	11. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 10, wherein the carbonate or bicarbonate and the citric acid are present in substantially stoichiometric amounts.  12. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 11 in unit dosage form containing from 50 to 500 mg of the bis-chromone.  13. A composition according to any of claims 1 to 12 and substantially as described 5 herein with reference to the Examples.
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